

# **Confronting the Crisis of Engagement**

**Creative Leadership Solutions**

**CreativeLeadership.net**

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# Three Part Series

- **Today – Confronting the Crisis of Engagement – national perspective, focus on connections and conditions**
- **January 12 – collaboration, challenge, control**
- **May 11 – Your success stories on engagement from the classroom to the boardroom**



# Learning Protocols

- **Safe place for divergent thinking**
- **Two-minute drills, followed by 5 second countdown**
- **Focus technology on the moment**



# Free Resources

- **CreativeLeadership.net – Videos, articles, research, and tools**
- **FinishTheDissertation.org**
- **Personal follow up for questions, challenges, and success stories**



# The Ohio Context

- **Teacher and leadership turnover**
- **Solid OEA recommendations**
- **Dropouts – 28,000 fewer 12<sup>th</sup> graders than 9<sup>th</sup> graders. 87% graduation rate**
- **Double funding cliff – loss of federal funds and losses due to declining enrollment**



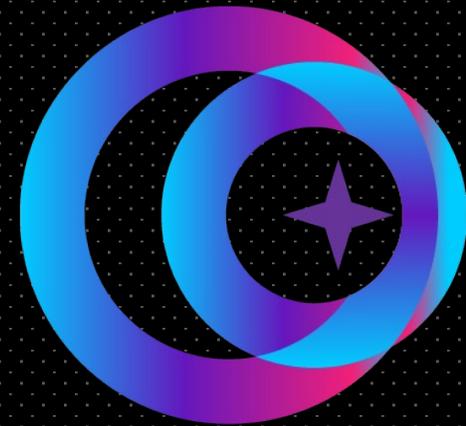
# Research Update

- **Science Fairs – Single best way to change classrooms, schools, and systems**
- **Dramatic decrease in D/F rate, suspensions, and behavioral problems**
- **Summer intervention – minimal impact - .1 effect size and 4 percentile points – a tiny fraction of the impact of effective feedback**



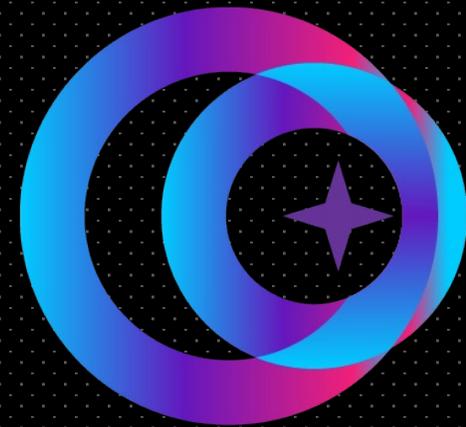
# National Perspective:

**1) Staff shortages – superintendent driving busses, principals covering classes, no subs – 20% of teachers leaving profession – 53% would leave if they could. Substitute teachers and paraprofessionals are following out the door**



# **National Perspective:**

**2) Behavior – starting in pre-school - students (and staff) re-learning norms**



# **National Perspective:**

**3) Student leadership – the key to better attendance, behavior, engagement, and academic performance**



# National Perspective:

**4) Basic skills – Some 3<sup>rd</sup> graders don't know letters and numbers or how to hold a pencil**



# National Perspective:

**5) Time, Time, Time – why would you have the same schedule in the 22-23 year as you had in the fall of 2019?**

- Staff meetings
- PLC meetings – great feedback on PLC coaching
- Power Standards



# National Perspective:

**6) Psychological Safety –  
“Fearless Classrooms” –  
Safe to make mistakes and  
learn from them – from  
the classroom to the  
boardroom**



# National Perspective:

## 7) Self-Care for Leaders and Staff

- Legitimize treatment for stress, anxiety, and depression
- Sacred time for families and personal care
- Stop the 24/7 madness



# National Perspective:

## 8) Excessive Failure Rates:

- **Step 1: Ban the average – teachers must evaluate students based on proficiency, never the average**
- **Step 2: Practice in class, not at home – ban failures for missing homework**
- **Step 3: Require a “name and a need” BEFORE any D or F goes to students and parents**



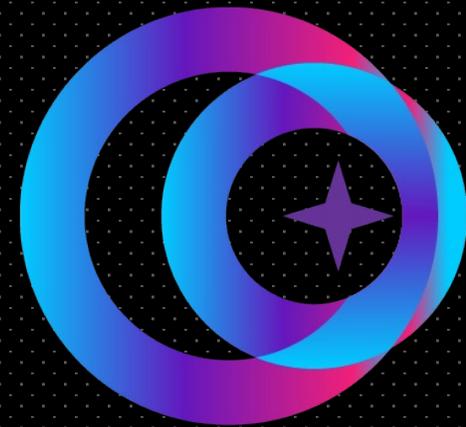
# Equity AND Excellence

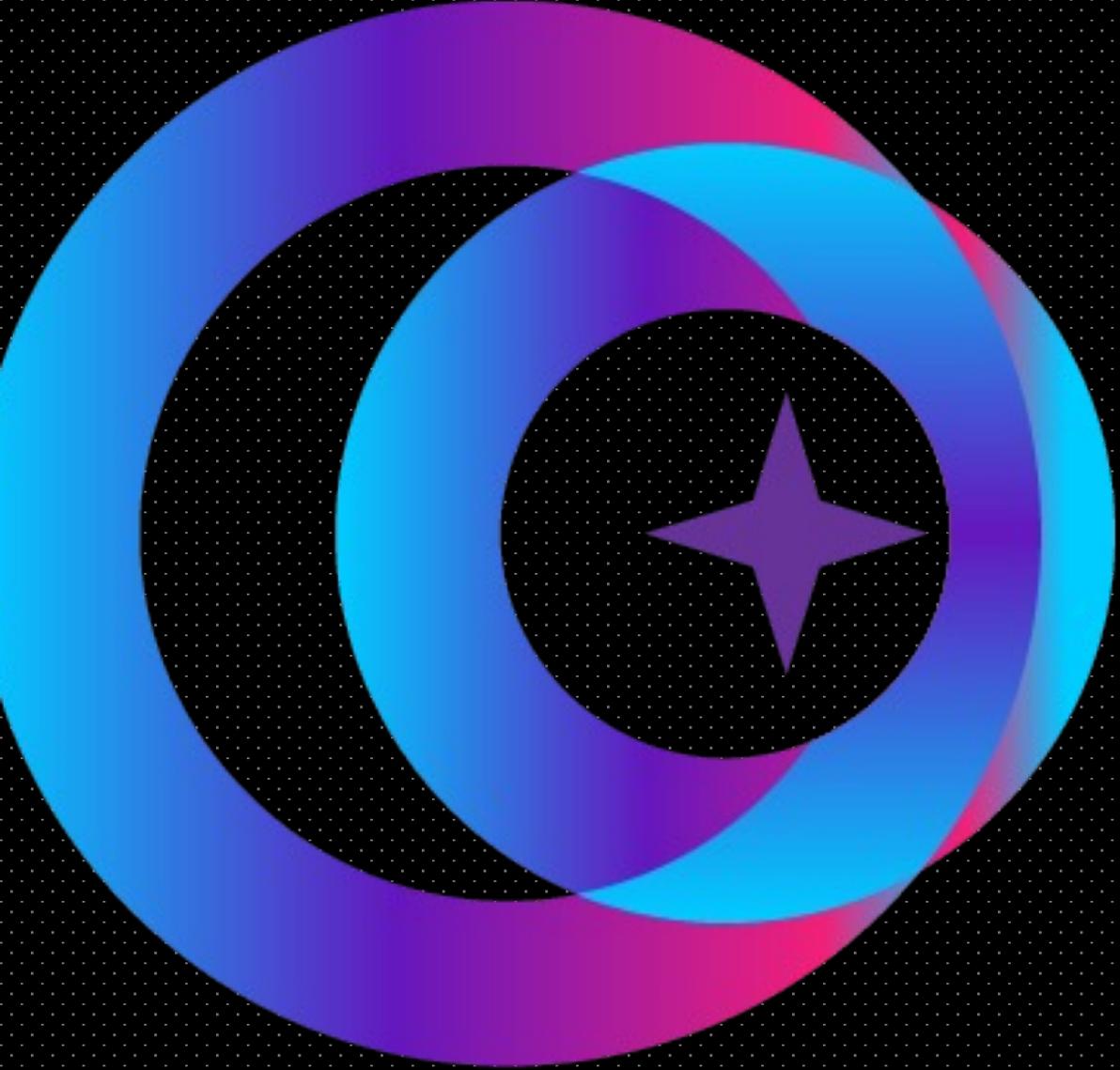
- **Equity without excellence is a codeword for low expectations**
- **Excellence without equity is a code for exclusion**



# Overview

- **The Engagement Imperative**
- **Connections**
- **Conditions**
- **Collaboration**
- **Challenge**
- **Control**
- **Leadership for Engagement**



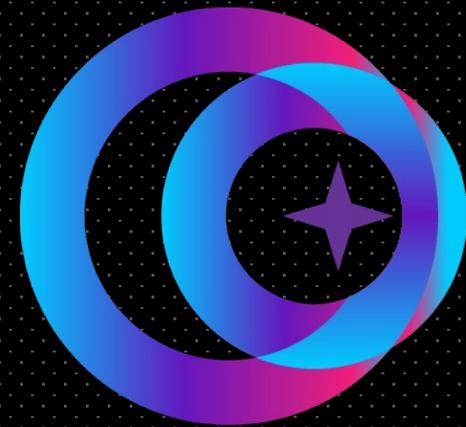


# **A Word About Research**

**Why don't educators  
trust educational  
research?**

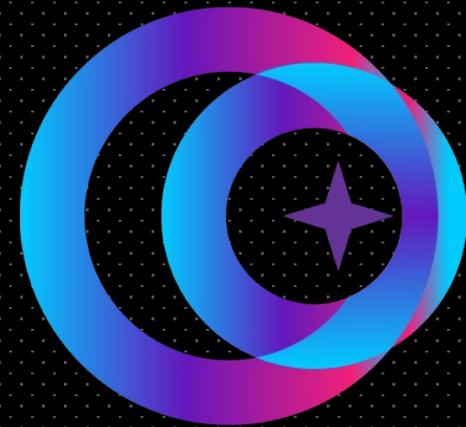
# Typology of Research Claims

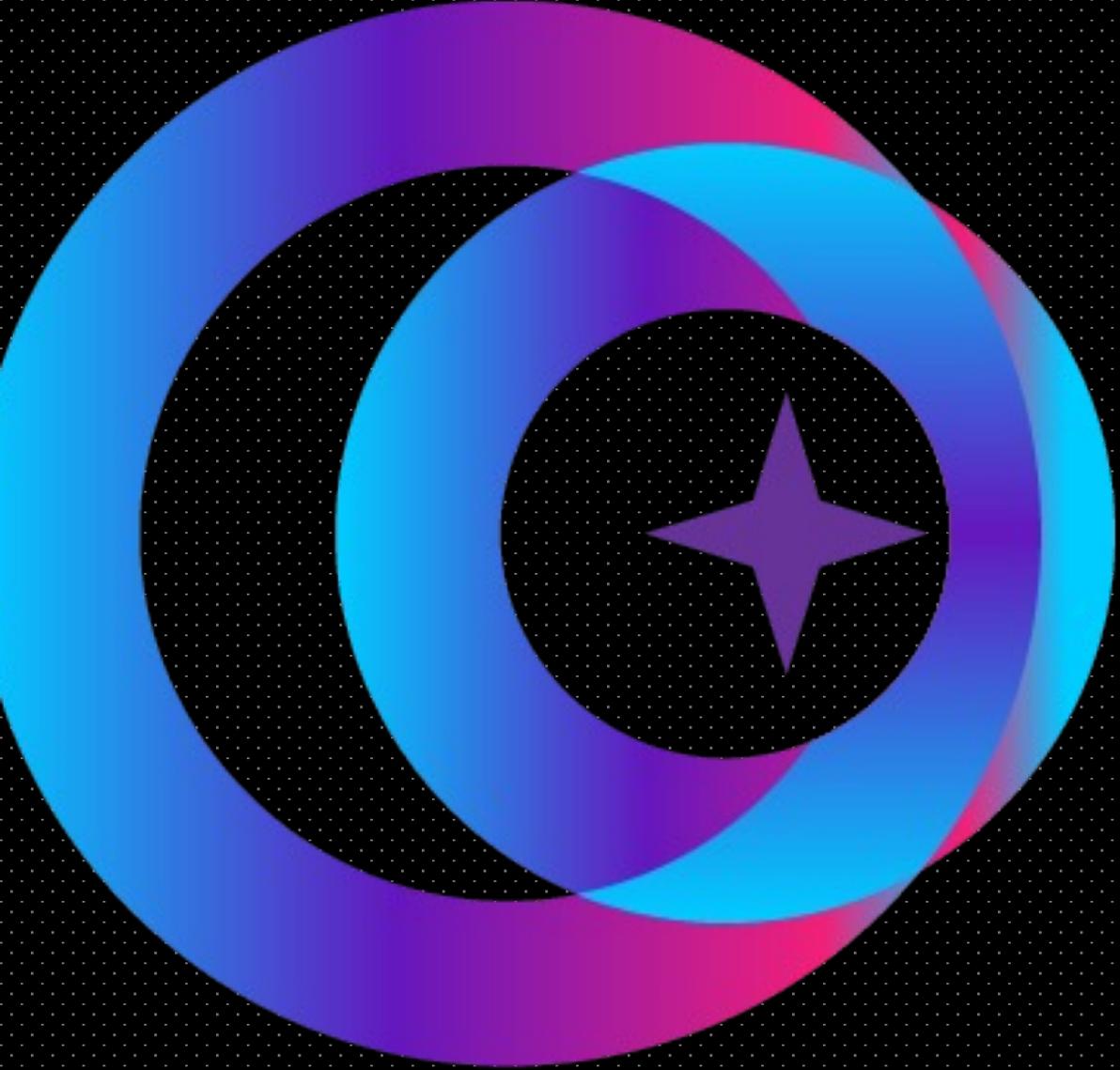
- 1) **Personal Beliefs**
- 2) **Personal Experience**
- 3) **Group Experience**
- 4) **Systematic Comparison**
- 5) **Preponderance of the Evidence**



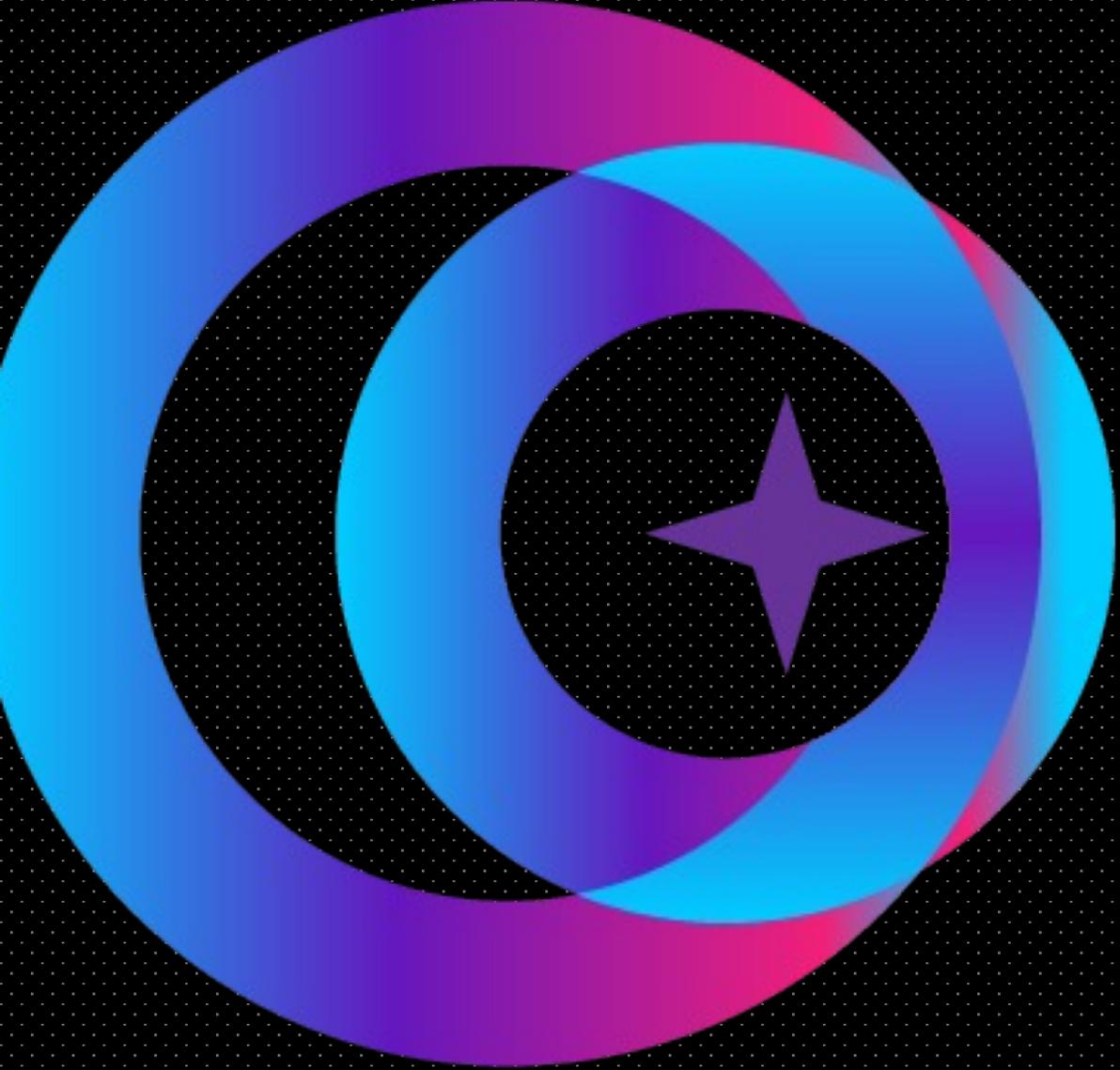
# What is Engagement?

*The mutually focused attention of students and teachers on curiosity, challenge, and learning*





**“Mutually focused  
attention”**



**“... curiosity,  
challenge, and  
learning”**

# The Engagement Equation

- Learning is a function of trust, safety, and engagement.
- If you don't have trust, you can't learn
- If you don't feel safe, you can't learn
- If you don't engage, you can't learn



# The Engagement Imperative

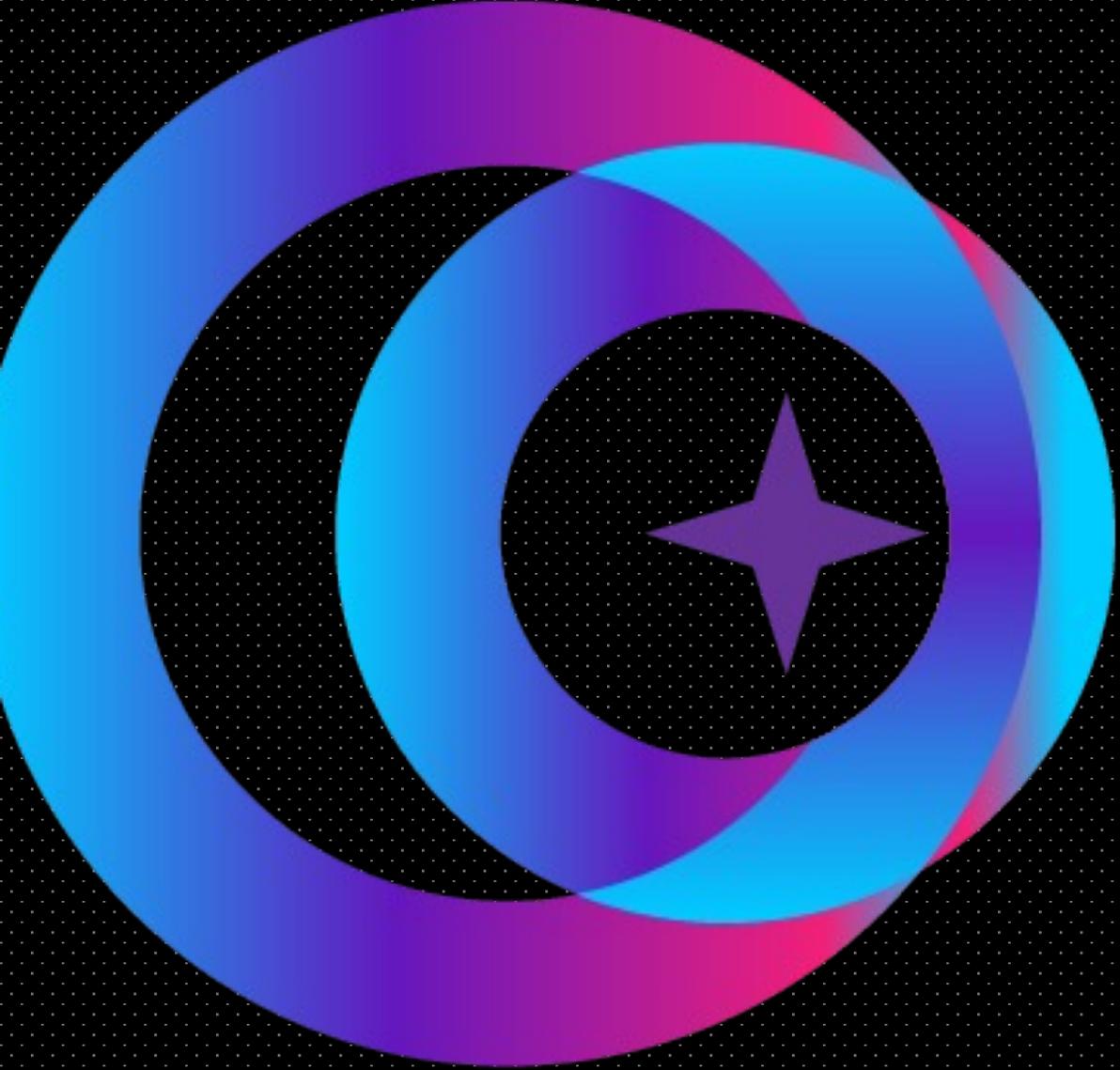
- Engagement depends on trust and psychological safety
- Pandemic's long-term mental health impact on students and staff
- Social and intellectual isolation during school closures



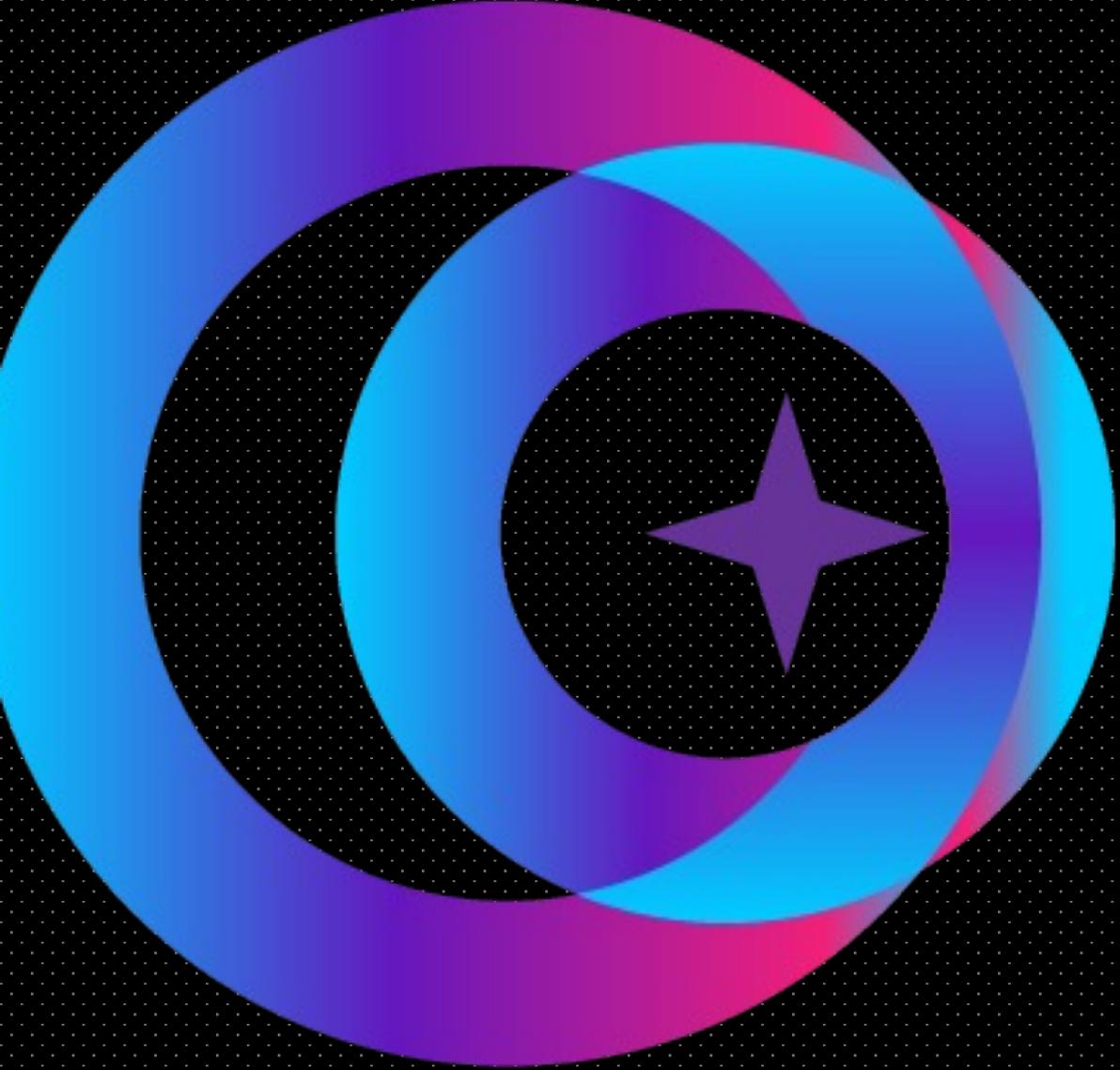
# The Engagement Illusion

- **Eyes front**
- **Teacher in control**
- **Students always have the right answer**
- *What's wrong with this picture?*





**Reflect on your  
experience as a  
student. What did  
great engagement  
look like?**



# Connections

# Connections

- **The Nature of Relationships**
- **Safe and Meaningful Relationships**
- **Common Mistakes**
- **Student Leadership**
- **Staff Relationships**
- **What Teachers and Leaders Can Do Now**



# The Nature of Relationships

- **Three-dimensional – not electronic**
- **Two-way communication**
- **Genuine attention – the opposite of multi-tasking and fragmented focus**
- **“Reclaiming Conversation” (Turkle)**



# Safe and Meaningful Relationships

- **Known, Valued, Loved**

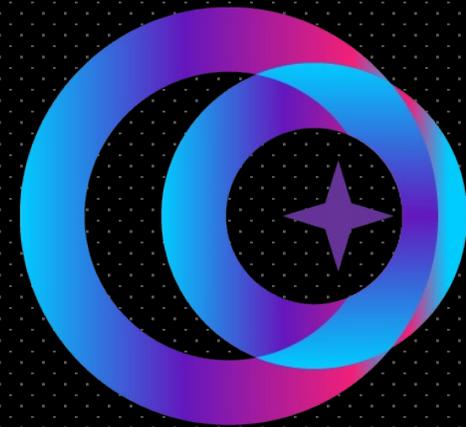
## Search Institute:

- *Agency* – “Works with me to solve problems”
- *Security* – “Standards up for me when I need it”
- *Encouragement and Challenge* – “Pushes me to go further”
- **Essential for staff *and* students**



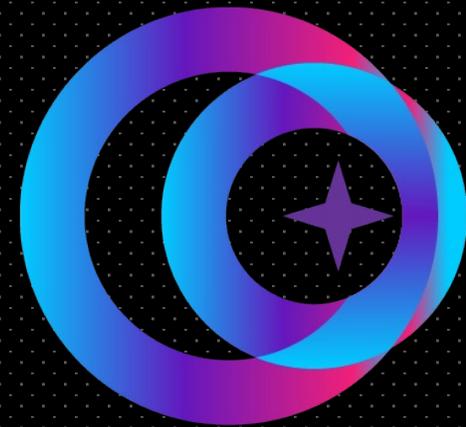
# Common Mistakes

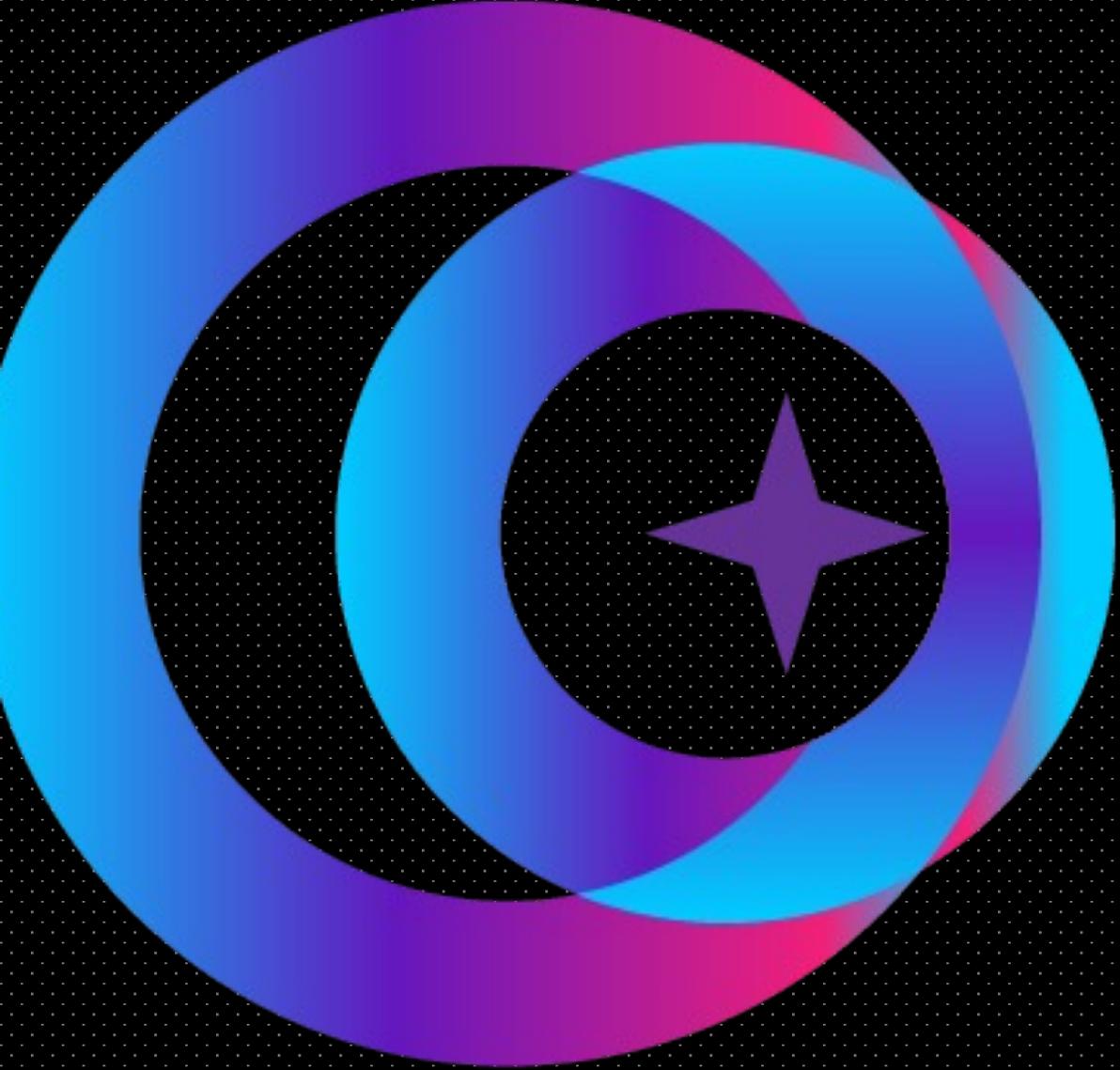
- **Speeches rather than conversations**
- **Technology rather than teaching**
- **“You guys” rather than names**
- **Coddling rather than expectations**
- **Evaluation rather than coaching**
- **Submission rather than perseverance**



# Student Leadership

- **The superglue of engagement**
- **The rocket ship for disengaged students**
- **The right kind of peer pressure**



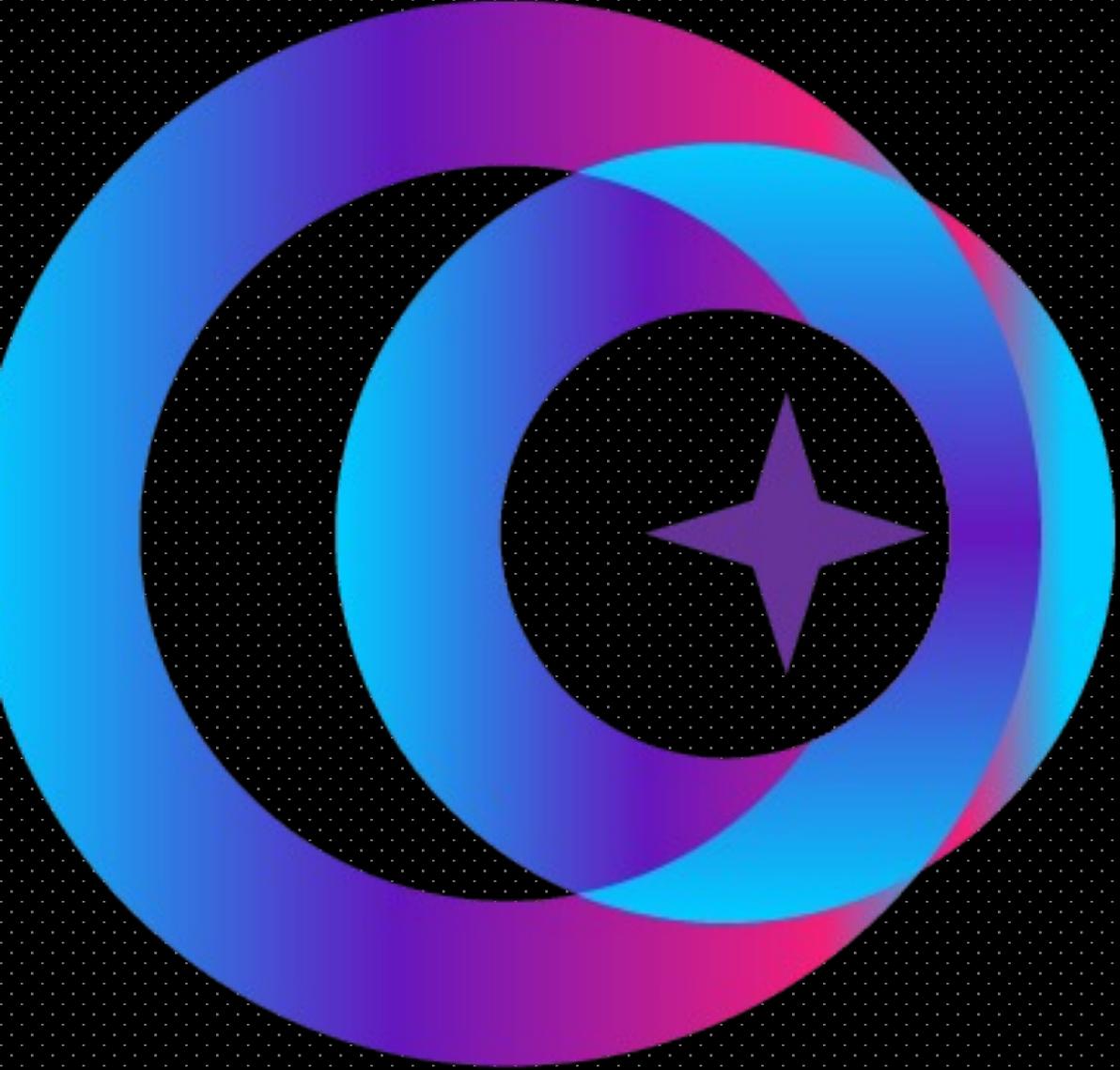


**What is one action  
you can take  
immediately to  
improve  
connections for  
students and  
adults?**

# What Teachers and Leaders Can Do Now

- Human time in every classroom
- Know the names of every student and at least one thing about them outside of school performance
- Ask students how they know that teachers and administrators care about them
- Focus staff meetings on inquiry and deliberation, not announcements
- Identify disengaged students and actively recruit them

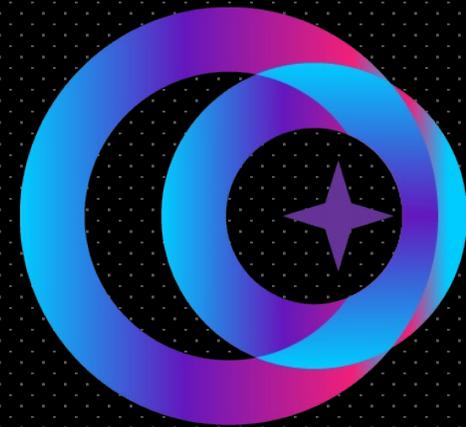




**Conditions**

# Conditions

- **Communicating high expectations**
- **Systems to address attendance issues**
- **Active student participation**
- **Student-to-student interaction**



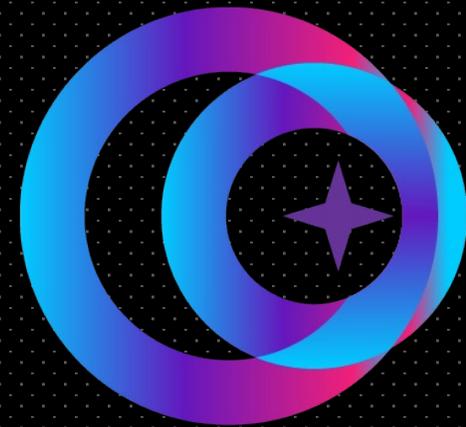
# High Expectations

- **As powerful as a year of learning – for better or worse**
- **Choice within boundaries**
- **Open-ended questions**
- **Praise based on learning, not merely accuracy**
- **Goal setting and feedback – and response to feedback**



# Attendance

- **Systemic support – transportation, communication, encouragement**
- **Immediate response – 1-minute reports**
- **Proactive communication – the “Ritz Carlton” wake-up call**



# Active Student Participation

- Universal response – 100% student engagement with emotional safety
- *“Phone a friend”*
- *“Answer question with a question”*
- *“Partial answer”*
- *“Minute of think time”*
- But NEVER checking out and disengaging from class



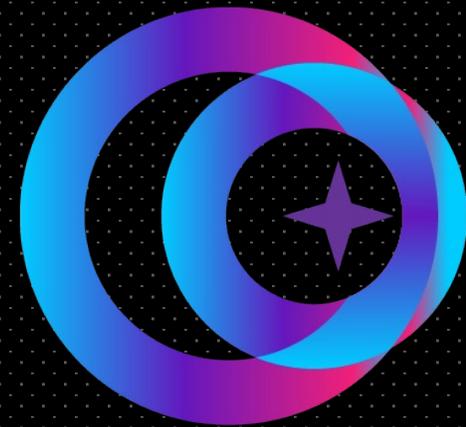
# Student Peer Interaction

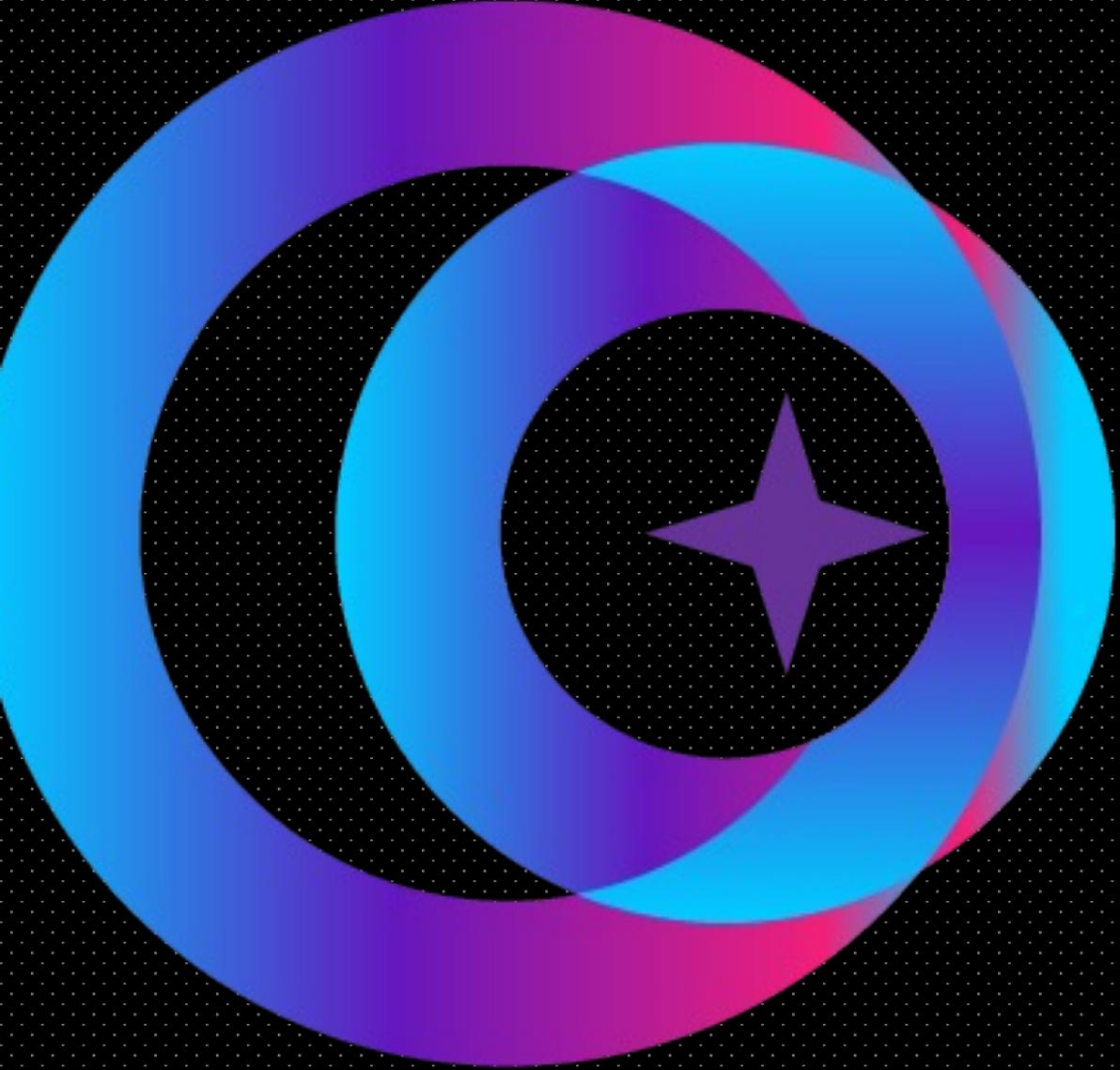
- **The key to motivation – *competence***
- **Personal responsibility, feedback, and response to feedback**
- **Norms and routines**
- **Clear role definition for discussions**



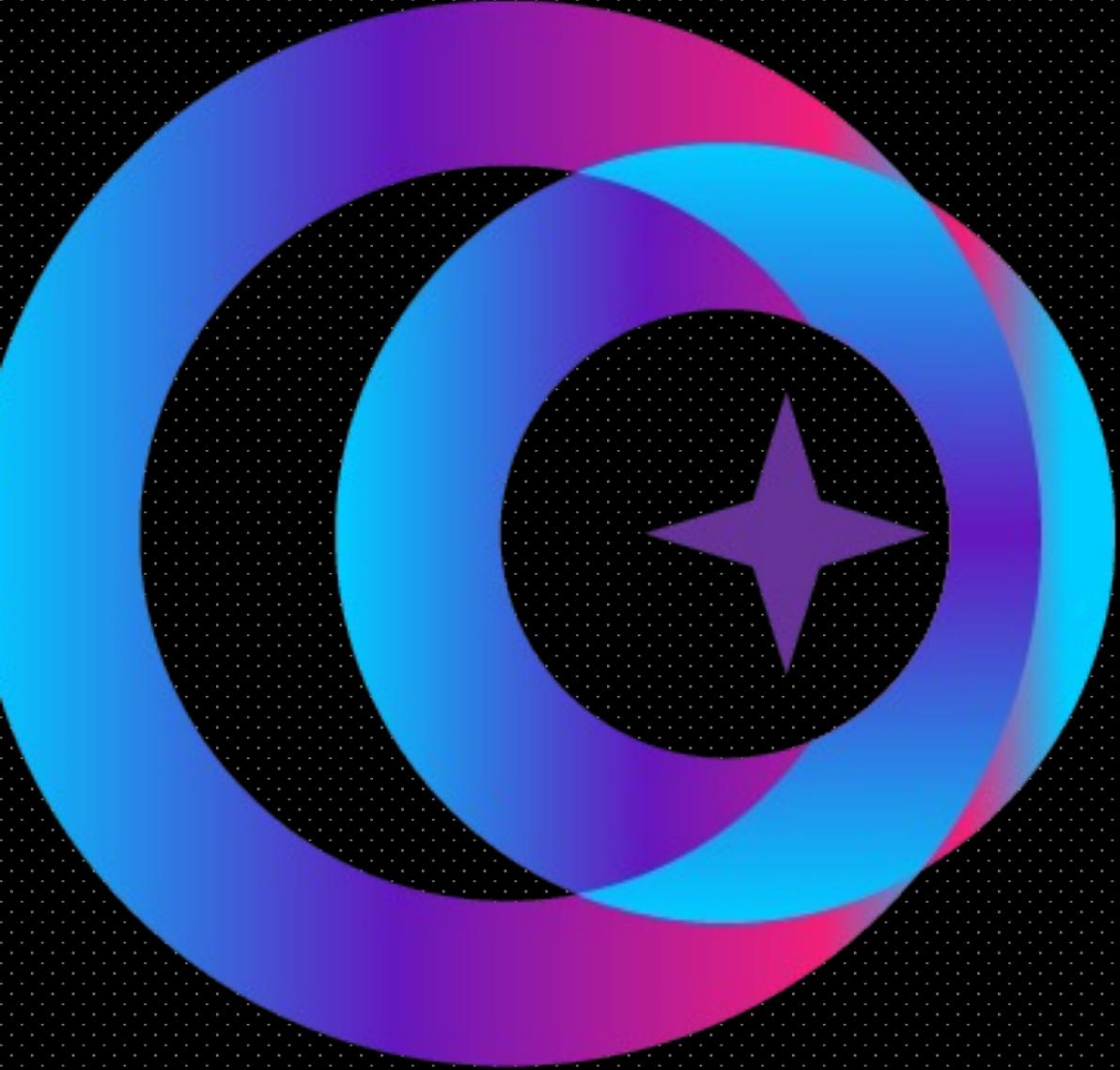
# **What Teachers and Leaders Can Do Now**

- **Review classrooms to assess expectations**
- **Identify attendance challenges and identify root causes**
- **Review participation practices with a goal of 100% engagement**





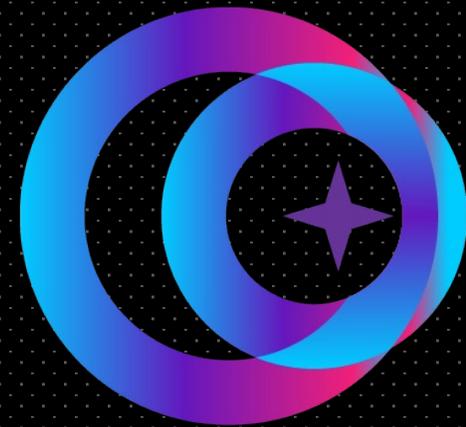
**What advice would  
you give to a new  
teacher to  
demonstrate high  
expectations of  
students?**



**Collaboration**

# Collaboration

- **Engagement and Professional Learning**
- **The Collaboration Illusion**
- **Listen – Just Listen**
- **How Collaboration Helps Students**
- **Leading for Collaboration**
- **What You Can Do Now to Improve Co**



# Engagement and Professional Learning

- **The irony of lecturing about why lecturing is bad pedagogy**
- **Meetings focused on deliberation and inquiry**
- **Agenda items end with question marks, no periods**
- **Screaming respect for teacher time**



# The Collaboration Illusion

- *“PLC Lite”* (DuFour & Reeves)
- Bureaucracy, minutes, and forms undermine collaboration
- Four-line email:
  - Learning
  - Assessment
  - Support
  - Enrichment



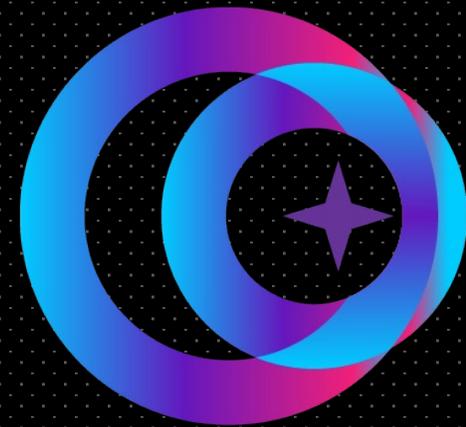
# Evidence of Effective Collaboration

- **Safe space for divergent thinking**
- **Skeptics welcome (not cynics)**
- **Focus on adult actions – not just student data**



# Listen – Just Listen

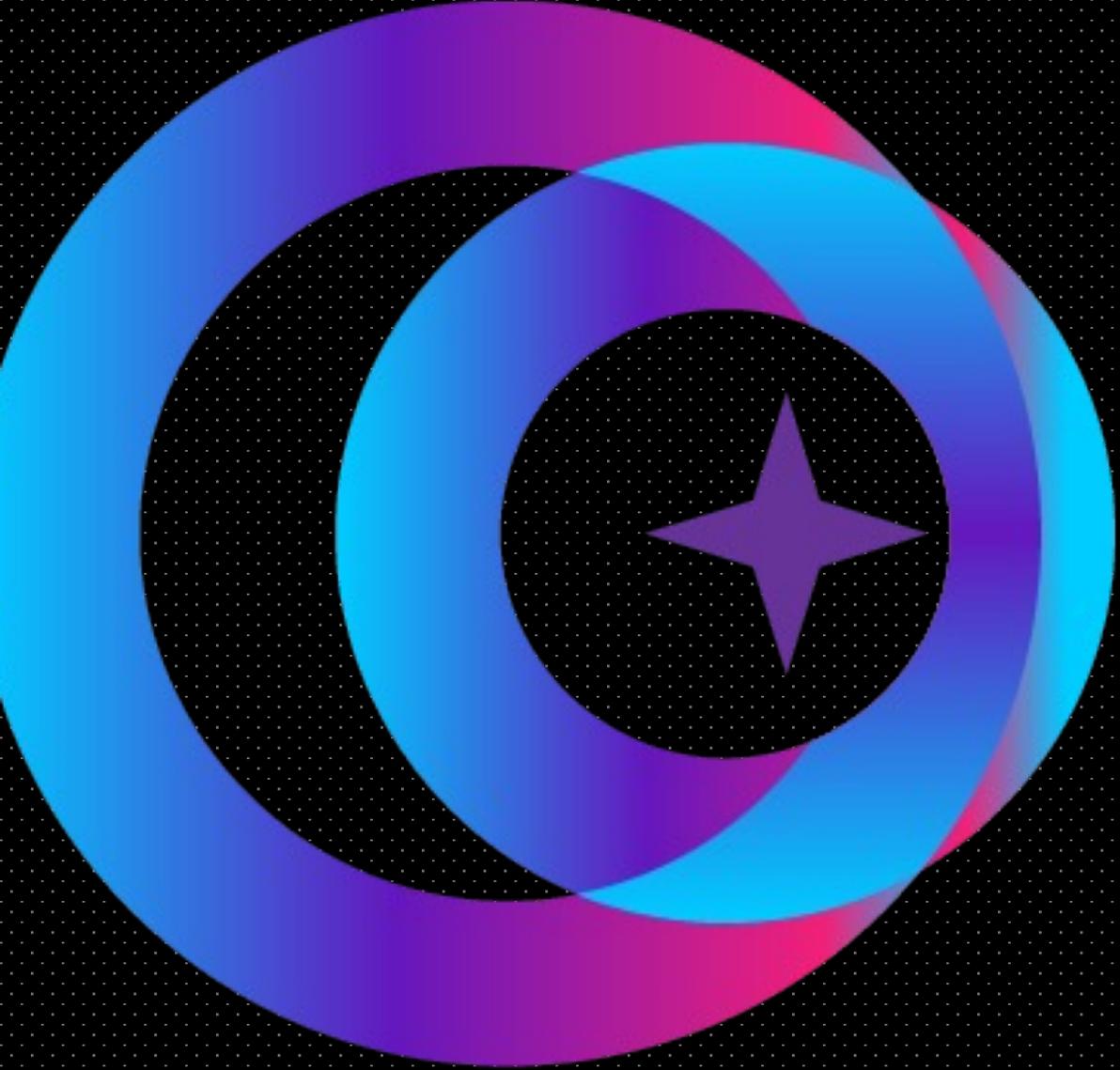
- How difficult is it to really listen?
- Try it for two minutes – no interruptions, no affirmations, no objections – just listen



# How Collaboration Helps Students

- **Decades of evidence support collaborative learning**
- **Teachers model collaboration with lesson design, assessments, and collaborative scoring**
- **Collaboration provides consistent, accurate, fair, and fast feedback**

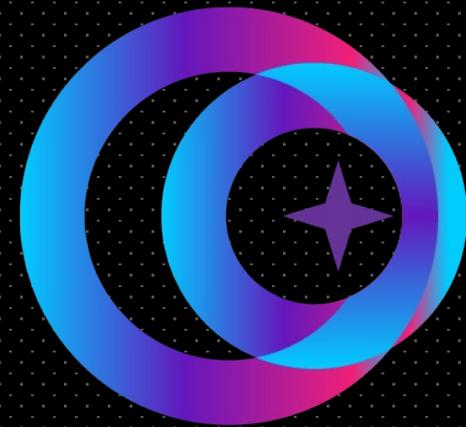




**What are some  
pitfalls of  
collaborative  
projects for  
students?**

# The Illusion of Collaboration

- “Group Projects” of one student
- Common lessons without common assessments and collaborative scoring
- Focus on data without focus on instructional practices



# Leading for Collaboration

- **Modeling at every opportunity  
collaboration in action**
- **Rotating facilitator roles**
- **Classroom observations and expectations  
that focus on collaboration rather than  
compliance**



# What Teachers and Leaders Can Do Now

- **Mutual mini-observations with explicit expectations of collaboration**
- **Track progress in teacher agreement and speed of collaborative scoring**
- **Deep inquiry through debate and civil discourse**
- **Relentless modeling of collaboration**



# Challenge

- **The Failure of Failure Rhetoric**
- **Getting Motivation Right**
- **How Shame Destroys Motivation**
- **Putting the “L” Back in SEL**
- **Barriers to Engagement During Challenges**
- **How Leaders Model Perseverance Through Challenge**
- **The Psychological Safety Imperative**



# The Failure of Failure Rhetoric

- *“We value failure!”*

Really? What happens in your schools when students, teachers, and administrators’ make mistakes?

- If the adults don’t model learning mistakes, don’t expect students to believe in the value of failure



# Getting Motivation Right

- Grades?
- Punishment?
- Choice?
  
- *Competence – what every student craves*
- *Avoiding incompetence – what every student fears*



# How Shame Destroys Motivation

- **Oxytocin is a powerful chemical in the brain.**
- **Oxytocin is associated with learning, confidence, resilience, and perseverance**
- **Fear, shame, and embarrassment destroys oxytocin levels.**
- **If you're afraid, you can't learn**



# Putting the 'L' Back in SEL

- *"We're not going to do curriculum and assessment this year until we have finished SEL."*
- **Students will not have emotional security if they feel incompetent.**
- **Learning is essential for SEL – not separate from it**



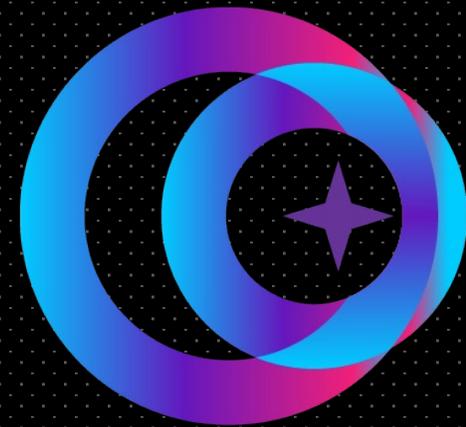
# Barriers to Engagement

- **Hand-raising**
- **Easy outs**
- **Fear**
- **Affirmation by teachers limited to correct answers**
- **Cold calling as a device for shame rather than learning**



# Perseverance Through Change

- **The false promise of perfect research**
- **Leadership willingness for mid-course corrections**
- **Focus – including the “not to do” list**



# **The Psychological Safety Imperative**

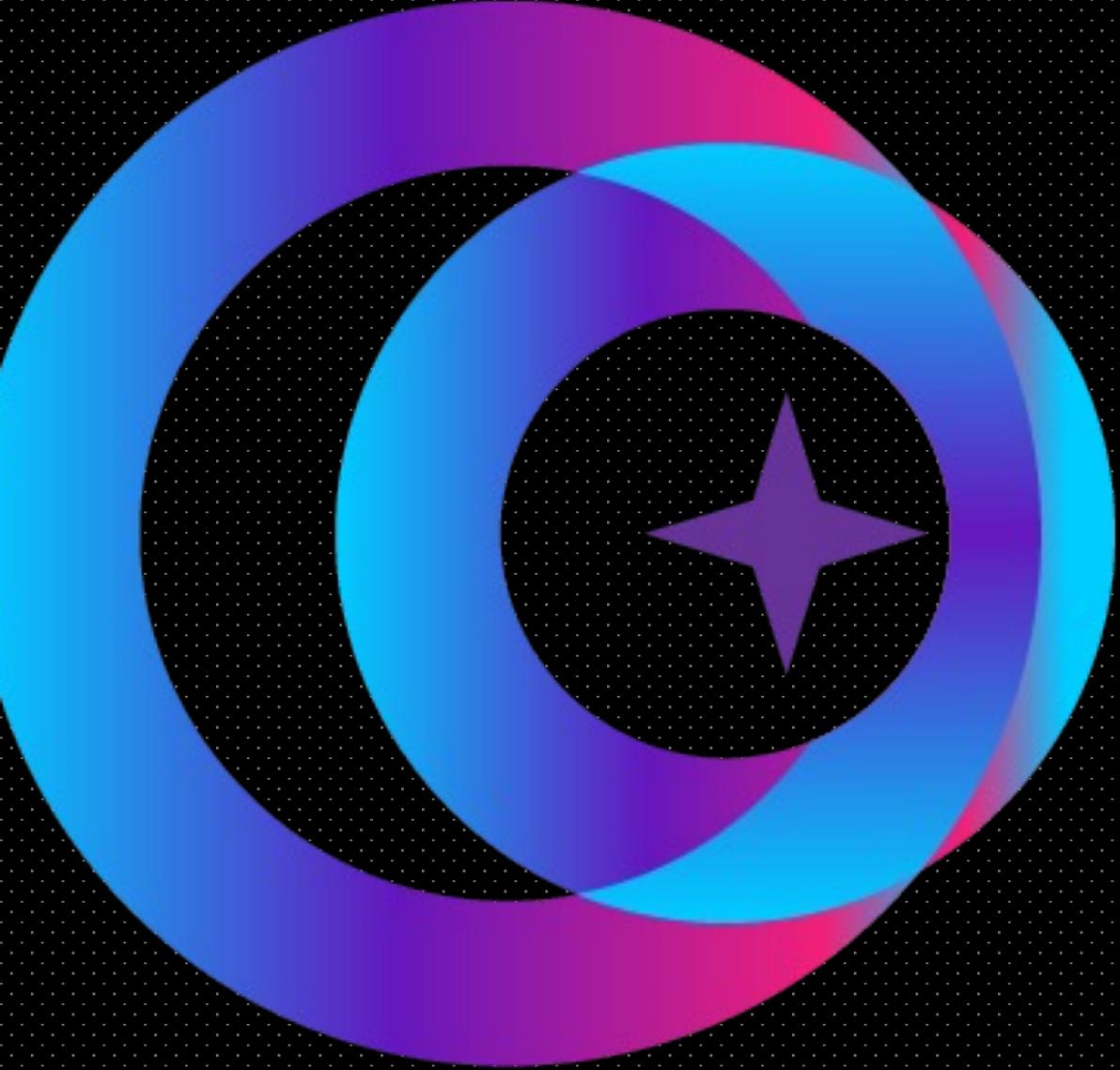
- **Psychological safety is the prerequisite for learning**
- **Students and adults cannot learn when preoccupied by fear**



# What Educators and Leaders Can Do Now

- Challenge the rhetoric of failure.
- Open a discussion about student motivation. Grades? Punishment? Gold Stars? *Competence*.
- What are the barriers to engagements?
- How will you know that students and staff have psychological safety?

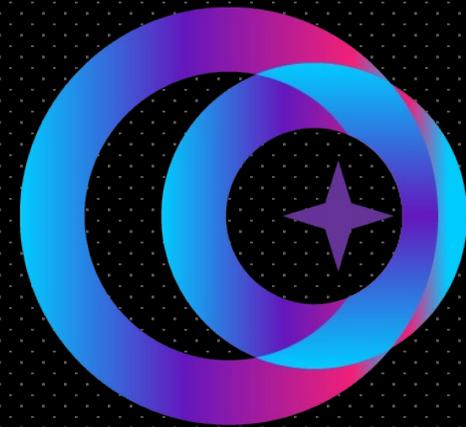




**Control**

# Control

- **Cognitive challenges to learning**
- **Student ownership of learning**
- **How students define learning**
- **How students monitor their progress**



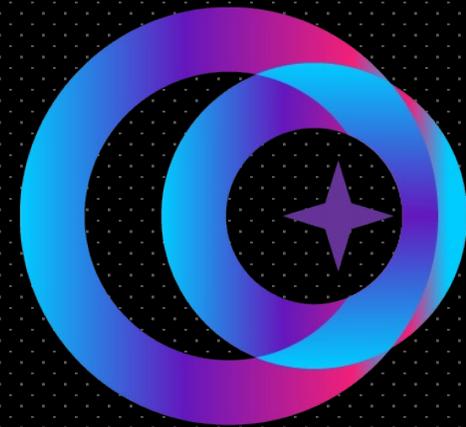
# Cognitive Challenges to Learning

- Self-doubt
- Haunted by failure
- Over-confidence
- Trauma
- False self-confidence in multi-tasking or magical thinking



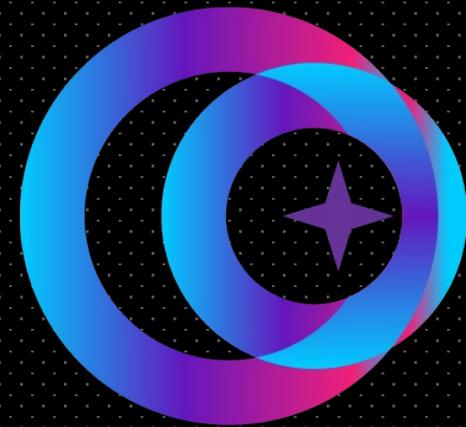
# **Student Ownership of Learning – Students . . .**

- Know their current performance levels**
- Know what they are expected to learn .**
- Select tools to guide their learning.**
- Monitor their progress and make adjustments**
- Seek feedback and know that errors are opportunities to learn.**
- Recognize that they have learned and teach others.**



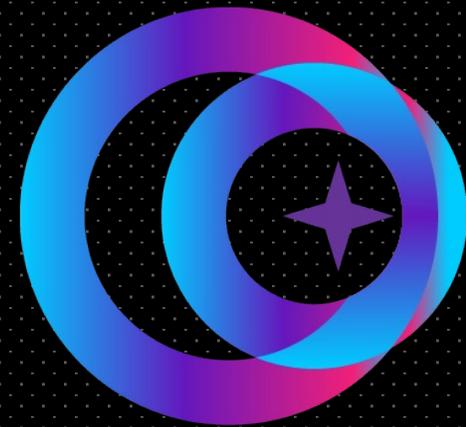
# How Students Define Learning

- **Completing tasks**
- **Following directions**
- **Behavioral compliance**



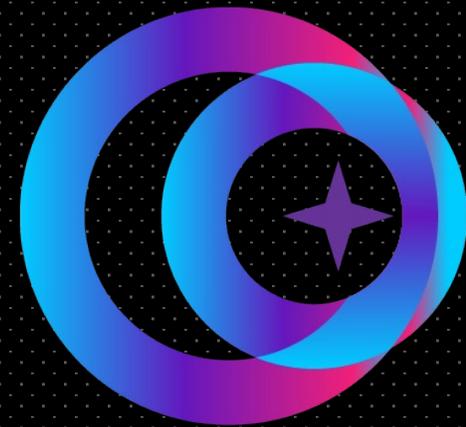
# How Students Monitor Progress

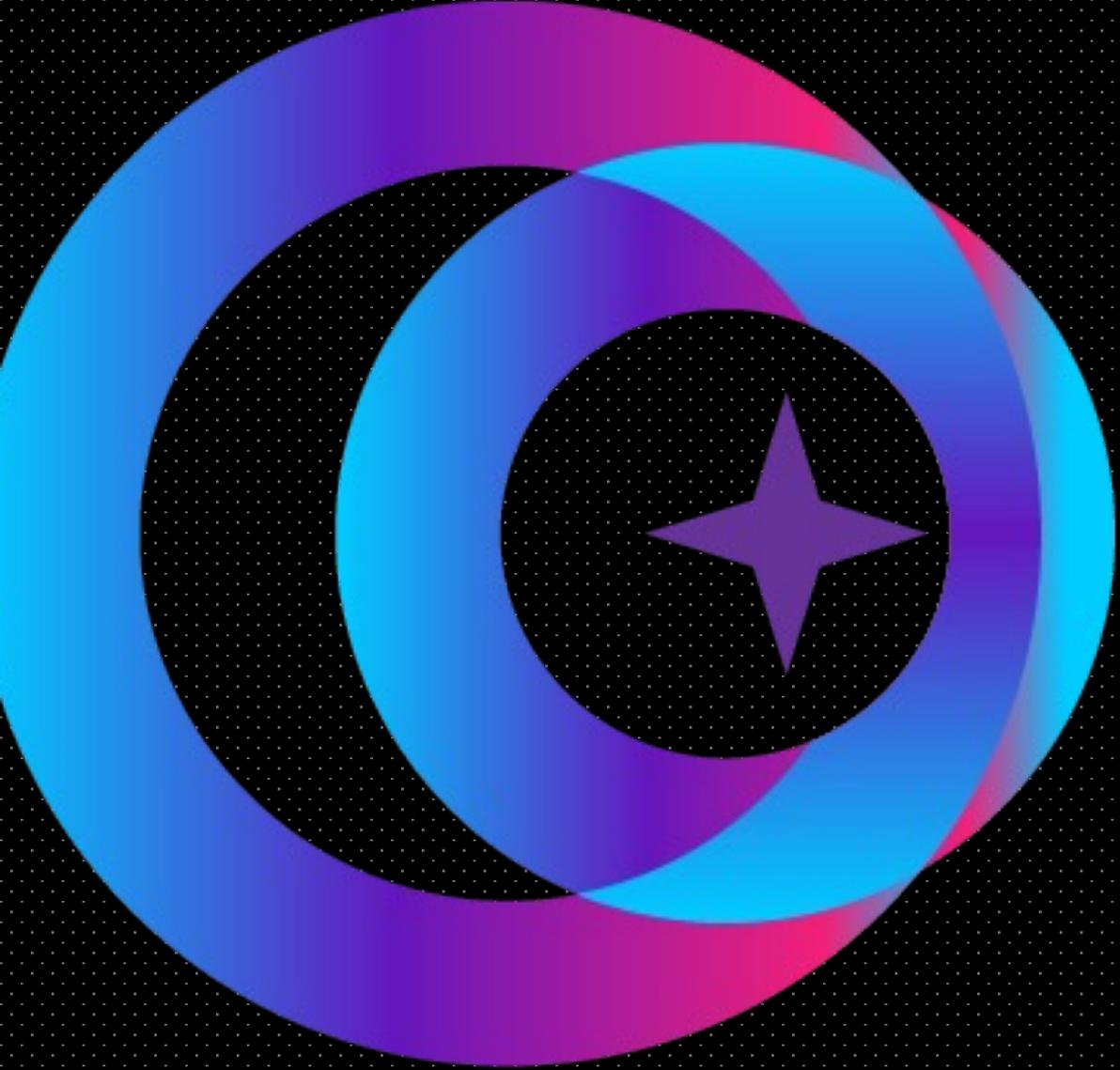
- **Scoring guides in student accessible language**
- **Assessment of anonymous peers**
- **Self-assessment on every performance task**



# What Teachers and Leaders Can Do Now

- Engage with the cognitive challenges to learning
- Increase teacher clarity in every lesson
- Develop feedback and monitoring tools

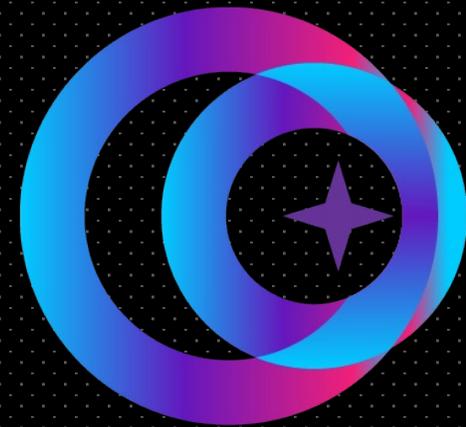




# Leadership for Engagement

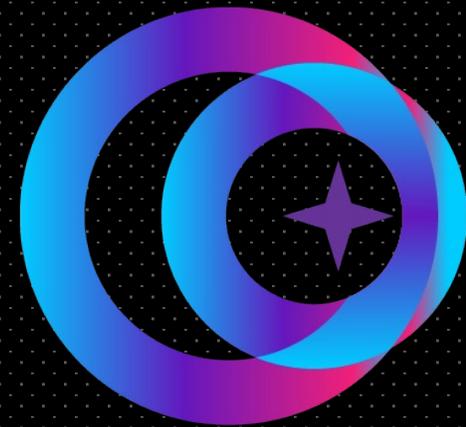
# Leadership For Engagement

- **From the Classroom to the Boardroom**
- **Challenging the Leadership-Management Dichotomy**
- **How Leaders Support – and Undermine – Engagement**
- **The Hallmarks of an Engaged Staff**
- **Engaging Communities**



# **From the Classroom to the Boardroom**

- **The board and cabinet set the tone**
- **Inquiry and deliberation, not presentations**
- **Defining levels of decision-making – teacher discretion, collaboration, and administrative and policy decisions**



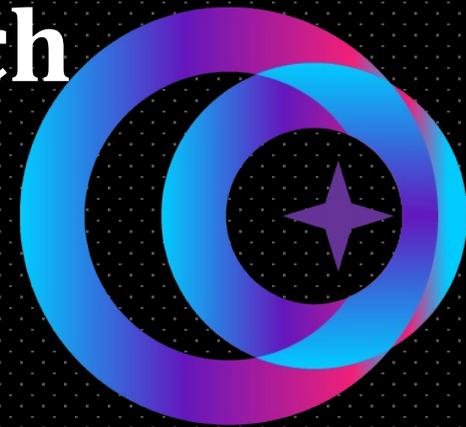
# Challenging the Leadership- Management Dichotomy

- The myth: *“Leaders think great thoughts and have grand visions, and managers are just the schleps that actually make the school function.”*
- The truth: You can't be a great leader if you do not have great skills in managing time, projects, and people



# How Leaders Support – and Undermine – Engagement

- **The need:** Students actively engage, with a bit of chaos, in learning. Teachers consider all sides of a question and engage in vigorous and respectful debate.
- **The occasional reality:** Quiet and orderly classrooms and staff meetings in which debate is unwelcome.



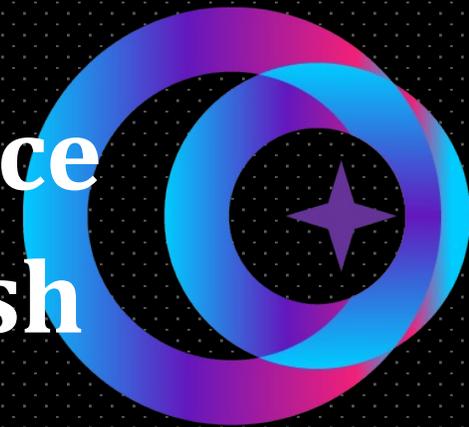
# The Hallmarks of Engagement

- Joyful risk-taking by students and faculty
- Risk-free celebration of success and acknowledgment of mistakes
- Zero-tolerance for “tall poppies” syndrome
- Evidence displaces personal beliefs and past experiences



# Engaging Communities

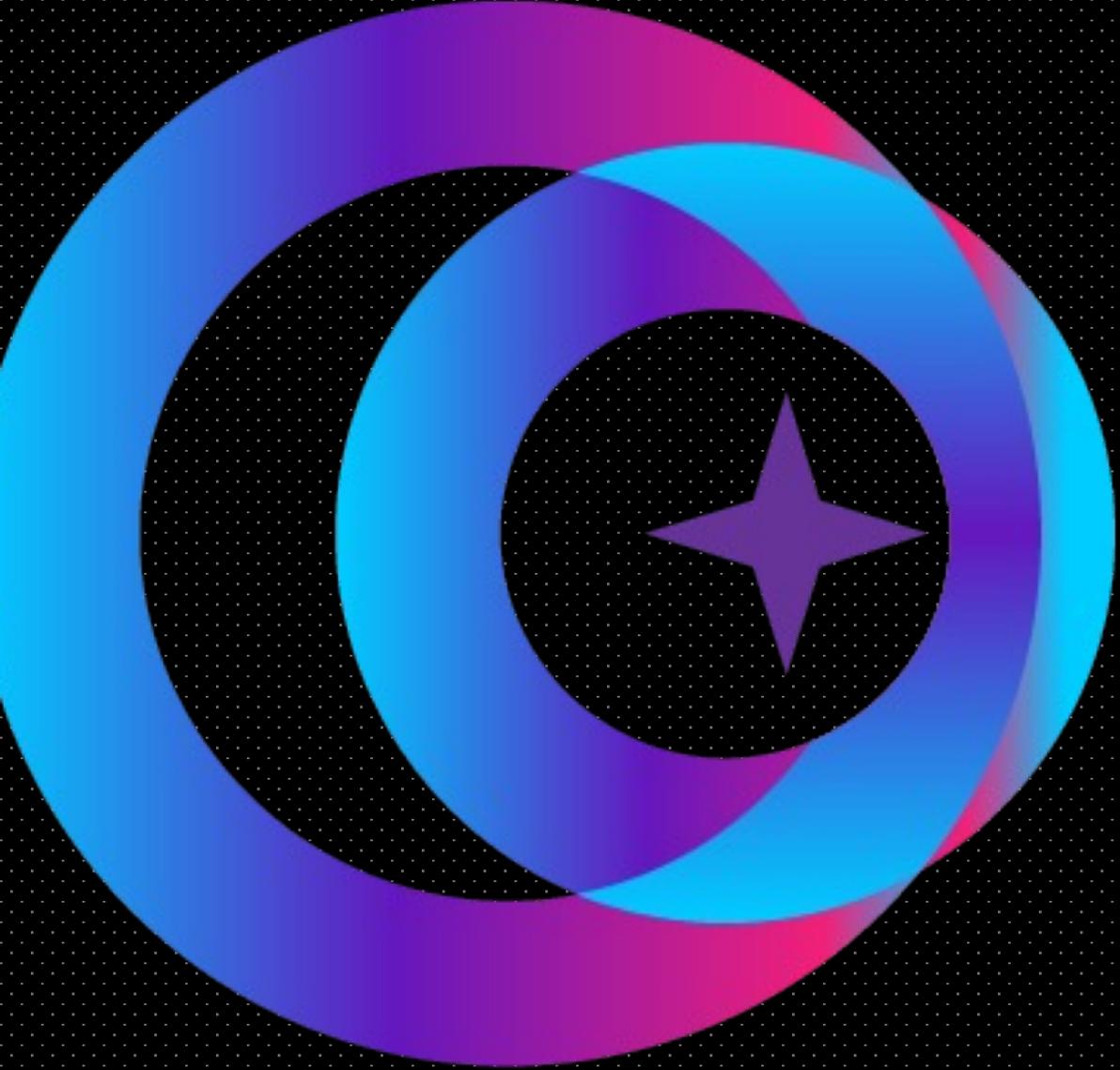
- **Finding common ground – students, parents, teachers, leaders, community members**
- **Clear view of the future – the 2060's**
- **Medical care – literacy is a safety and health issue**
- **Criminal justice involvement – the price we all pay for students who do not finish school**



# Putting it All Together

- **The Engagement Imperative**
- **Connections**
- **Conditions**
- **Collaboration**
- **Challenge**
- **Control**
- **Leadership for Engagement**





# **Confronting the Crisis of Engagement**

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